

Deoxynivalenol

Vomitoxin (DON) Plate Kit PN 53016B

INTENDED USE

The Abraxis Deoxynivalenol (DON) Plate Kit is a competitive ELISA for the quantitative analysis of vomitoxin in wheat, barley, malted barley, corn and oats.

ASSAY PRINCIPLES

The Abraxis DON Plate Kit is a competitive enzyme-labeled immunoassay. DON is extracted from a ground sample by shaking with water. The aqueous extract is then filtered and the extract is tested in the immunoassay. DON-HRP enzyme conjugate is pipetted into the test wells followed by calibrators or sample extracts. DON antibody is then pipetted into the test wells to initiate the reaction. During the 10 minute incubation period, DON from the sample and DON-HRP enzyme conjugate compete for binding to DON antibody which, in turn, binds to the test well. Following this 10 minute incubation, the contents of the well are removed and the wells are washed to remove any unbound toxin or enzyme-labeled toxin. A clear substrate is then added to the wells and any bound enzyme-toxin conjugate causes the conversion to a blue color. Following a 5 minute incubation, the reaction is stopped and amount of color in each well is read. The color of unknown samples is compared to the color of the calibrators and the DON concentration of the samples is derived.

SPECIFICITY

The antibody utilized in the Abraxis DON Kit is specific for deoxynivalenol. The following table shows the relative reactivity for other forms:

| <u>Compound</u> | <u>Cross-Reactivity</u> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3-acetyl-deoxynivalenol | < 1% |
| 15-acetyl-deoxynivalenol | 300% |

REAGENTS AND MATERIALS PROVIDED

The kit in its original packaging can be used until the end of the month indicated on the box label when stored at 2 – 8°C.

1. Frame containing 12 test strips of 8 wells vacuum-packed in aluminized pouch with indicating dessicant.
2. 5 vials each containing 2 mL of DON calibrators corresponding to 0, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0 and 2.5 µg/mL (ppm) of DON. (Note: Because of the 1:5 dilution of the grain sample in the extraction step, the calibrators actually contain 1/5th of the stated value. No further correction back to the concentration in the original grain sample is required.)
3. 1 vial containing 8 mL of DON-HRP Enzyme Conjugate.
4. 1 vial containing 8 mL of Mouse anti-DON antibody.
5. 1 vial containing 12 mL of Substrate.
6. 1 vial containing 12 mL of Stop Solution. (Caution! 1N HCl. Handle with care.)
7. 1 packet of Wash Buffer (5X) Concentrate, 100 mL. Must be diluted 1:5 in deionized or distilled water before use.
8. Instructions

PRECAUTIONS

1. Each reagent is optimized for use in the Abraxis DON Plate Kit. Do not substitute reagents from any other manufacturer into the test kit. Do not combine reagents from other Abraxis DON Plate Kits with different Lot numbers.
2. Dilution or adulteration of reagents or samples not called for in the procedure may result in inaccurate results.
3. Do not use reagents after expiration date.
4. Reagents should be brought to room temperature, 20 – 28°C (62 – 82°F) prior to use. Avoid prolonged (> 24 hours) storage at room temperature.
5. Deoxynivalenol is a very toxic substance. Dispose of all liquids in a plastic container containing household bleach (minimum 10%). All labware should be soaked for at least 1 hour in a 30% solution of household bleach. Avoid contact of skin and mucous membranes with reagents and sample extracts by wearing gloves and protective apparel. If exposure of skin and mucous membranes to liquids should occur, immediately flush with water.
6. The Stop Solution is 1N hydrochloric acid. Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes. Immediately clean up any spills and wash area with copious amounts of water. If contact should occur, immediately flush with copious amounts of water.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Laboratory quality distilled or deionized water.
2. Graduated cylinder, 100 mL.
3. Glassware for sample extraction and extract collection.
4. Filter paper, Whatman GF/A or equivalent
5. Pipet with disposable tips capable of dispensing 50 µL.
6. Multi-channel pipet; 8 channel capable of dispensing 50 and 100 µL or Eppendorf Repeater pipette and tips for dispensing 50 and 100 µL.
7. Paper towels or equivalent absorbent material.
8. Microwell plate or strip reader with 450nm filter.
9. Timer

SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. Grind samples to pass through a 20 mesh sieve and thoroughly mix prior to sub-sampling. Samples not being immediately analyzed should be stored refrigerated.

2. Weigh 20 grams of ground sample and combine with 100 mL of laboratory grade water in a clean container with tight fitting lid.
3. Vigorously shake the container for 3 minutes.
4. Allow sample to stand for 2-3 minutes to allow some settling of the slurry.
5. Filter a minimum of 15 mL of the extract through Whatman GF/A filter and collect the extract into a clean container.

WASH SOLUTION PREPARATION

1. Dilute the wash buffer at a ratio of 1:5. If using the entire bottle (100 mL), add 400 mL of deionized or distilled water. Swirl to mix.
2. Fill a wash bottle with Wash Solution.

TEST PROCEDURE (Note: Running calibrators and samples in duplicate will improve assay precision and accuracy.)

1. Allow reagents and sample extracts to reach room temperature prior to running the test.
2. Place the appropriate number of test wells and into a microwell holder. Be sure to re-seal unused wells in the zip-lock bag with dessicant.
4. Dispense 50 μ L of Enzyme Conjugate into each test well.
5. Using a pipet with disposable tips, add 50 μ L of calibrators and samples to the appropriate test wells. Be sure to use a clean pipet tip for each.
6. Dispense 50 μ L of Antibody Solution into each test well. Swirl frame gently to mix.
7. Incubate the test wells for 10 minutes.
8. Dump the contents of the wells into an appropriate waste container. Fill the wells to overflowing with Wash Solution and dump wash. Repeat 4X for a total of five washes.
9. Following the last wash tap the inverted wells onto absorbent paper to remove the last of the wash solution.
10. Dispense 100 μ L of Substrate into each well.
11. Incubate the wells for 5 minutes.
12. Dispense 100 μ L of Stop Solution into each test well.
13. Read and record the absorbance of the wells at 450nm using a strip or plate reader.

RESULTS INTERPRETATION

1. Semi-quantitative results can be derived by simple comparison of the sample absorbances to the absorbance of the calibrator wells: Sample containing less color than a calibrator well will have a concentration of DON greater than the concentration of the calibrator. Samples containing more color than a calibrator well have a concentration less than the concentration of the calibrator.
2. Quantitative interpretation requires graphing the absorbances of the calibrators (X axis) versus the log of the calibrator concentration (Y axis) on semi-log graph paper. A straight line is drawn through the calibrator points and the sample absorbances are located on the line. The corresponding point on the Y axis is the concentration of the sample. Samples with absorbances greater than the lowest calibrator or less than the highest calibrator must be reported as < 0.2 ppm or >2.5 ppm, respectively.

Technical Assistance

For questions regarding this kit or for additional information about Abraxis products, call (215) 357-3911.

• ASSISTANCE

For ordering or technical assistance contact:

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